

Recombinant Endo H

Product information

Product No.	Size	Concentration
YJ-O-095-3	3KU	> 150U/ μ l
YJ-O-095-15	15KU	> 150U/ μ l

Product description

Endo- β -N-acetylglucosaminidase H (Endo H) is a recombinant glycosidase that can cleave the chitobiose core structure of high-mannose and certain hybrid-type oligosaccharides in N-glycoproteins, removing N-linked high-mannose from glycoproteins. This product is derived from *Streptomyces plicatus* and is recombinantly expressed in *E. coli*. It has no additional endo- and exo-glycosidase activities and can be used for the complete deglycosylation of antibodies or other glycoproteins.

- Unit definition: One unit (U) is defined as the amount of the enzyme required to remove more than 95% of the carbohydrates from 10 μ g of denatured RNase B at 37 °C for 60 minutes.
- Storage solution: 20mM Tris-HCl, 50mM NaCl, 5mM EDTA, pH 7.5

Product components

Components	Size1	Size2
Recombinant Endo H	3KU	15KU
10 \times Endo H reaction buffer	500 μ l	500 μ l
10 \times glycoprotein denaturation buffer	500 μ l	500 μ l

Transportation and storage

- Storage: This product should be stored at -20°C and can be stored for at least 12 months.
- Transportation: Dry ice.

Product application

- Complete removal of N-linked hypermannose of antibodies or other glycoproteins.

Usage (for reference only)

- Dissolve 1-10 μ g of glycoprotein in deionized water. Add 1 μ l of 10 \times glycoprotein denaturation buffer and adjust the volume to 10 μ l with deionized water.
- Incubate at 100 °C for 10 min.
- Prepare the following reaction system:

Components	Amount
Denatured glycoprotein	10 μ l
10 \times Endo H reaction buffer	2 μ l
Recombinant Endo H	2-4 μ l
Water	Up to 20 μ l

- Incubate at 37 °C for 60 minutes. After the reaction is completed, perform SDS - PAGE or HPLC to analyze the results of enzymatic digestion.

Precaution

- Try to avoid freeze-thaw cycles of this product after receipt;
- Please wear lab coat and disposable gloves when using;
- This product should not be used directly for clinical diagnosis and treatment.